CLAIM

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} 1. & A polyamic acid having repeating units represented \\ by the formula (1): \\ \end{tabular}$

wherein the norbornane skeleton of

comprises four components of

and their contents satisfy the following:

 $1 % \le 2,5-[diexo] \le 90 %$

 $1 \% \le 2,5-[exo,endo] \le 90 \%$

 $1 \% \le 2,6-[diexo] \le 90 \%$,

 $1 \% \le 2,6-[exo,endo] \le 90 \%$,

provided that

(2,6-[exo,endo]) = 100 %,

R represents a tetravalent group having from 4 to 27 carbon atoms and selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, a monocyclic aliphatic group, a condensed polycyclic

aliphatic group, a monocyclic aromatic group, a condensed polycyclic aromatic group, and a non-condensed polycyclic aliphatic or aromatic group which is composed of cycloaliphatic or aromatic groups mutually bonded to each other either directly or via a crosslinking member.

A polyamic acid having repeating units represented by the formula (1):

wherein the norbornane skeleton of

comprises four components of

and their contents satisfy the following:

$$10 \% \le 2.5 - [diexo] \le 40 \%$$

$$10 \% \le 2,5-[exo,endo] \le 40 \%$$

$$10 \% \le 2.6 - [diexo] \le 40 \%$$

$$10 \% \le 2,6-[exo,endo] \le 40 \%$$
,

provided that

$$(2,6-[exo,endo]) = 100 %,$$

R represents a tetravalent group having from 4 to 27 carbon

atoms and selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, a monocyclic aliphatic group, a condensed polycyclic aliphatic group, a monocyclic aromatic group, a condensed polycyclic aromatic group, and a non-condensed polycyclic aliphatic or aromatic group which is composed of cycloaliphatic or aromatic groups mutually bonded to each other either directly or via a crosslinking member.

3. Apolyamic acid having repeating units represented by the formula (1):

wherein the norbornane skeleton of

comprises four components of

and their contents satisfy the following:

$$20 \% \le 2,5-[diexo] \le 30 \%$$

$$20 \% \le 2,5-[exo,endo] \le 30 \%$$
,

$$20 \% \le 2,6-[diexo] \le 30 \%$$

$$20 \% \le 2,6-[exo,endo] \le 30 \%$$
,

provided that

$$(2,5-[diexo]) + (2,5-[exo,endo]) + (2,6-[diexo]) +$$

(2,6-[exo,endo]) = 100 %,

R represents a tetravalent group having from 4 to 27 carbon atoms, and selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, a monocyclic aliphatic group, a condensed polycyclic aliphatic group, a monocyclic aromatic group, a condensed polycyclic aromatic group, and a non-condensed polycyclic aliphatic or aromatic group which is composed of cycloaliphatic or aromatic groups mutually bonded to each other either directly or via a crosslinking member.

4. A polyimide having repeating units represented by the formula (2):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & O & O \\
 & O & O \\$$

wherein the norbornane skeleton of

comprises four components of

and their contents satisfy the following:

 $1 % \le 2,5-[diexo] \le 90 %,$

 $1 \% \le 2.5 - [exo, endo] \le 90 \%$

 $1 \% \le 2,6-[diexo] \le 90 \%$

 $1 \% \le 2,6-[exo,endo] \le 90 \%$

provided that

R represents a tetravalent group having from 4 to 27 carbon atoms and selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, a monocyclic aliphatic group, a condensed polycyclic aliphatic group, a monocyclic aromatic group, a condensed polycyclic aromatic group, and a non-condensed polycyclic aliphatic or aromatic group which is composed of cycloaliphatic or aromatic groups mutually bonded to each other either directly or via a crosslinking member.

5. A polyimide having repeating units represented by the formula (2):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & O & O \\
 & C & C \\$$

wherein the norbornane skeleton of

comprises four components of

and their contents satisfy the following:

 $10 \% \le 2,5-[diexo] \le 40 \%$

 $10 \% \le 2,5-[exo,endo] \le 40 \%$

10 % \leq 2.6-[diexo] \leq 40 %.

 $10 \% \le 2,6-[exo,endo] \le 40 \%$

provided that

$$(2,5-[diexo]) + (2,5-[exo,endo]) + (2,6-[diexo]) +$$

(2,6-[exo,endo]) = 100 %,

R represents a tetravalent group having from 4 to 27 carbon atoms and selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, a monocyclic aliphatic group, a condensed polycyclic aliphatic group, a monocyclic aromatic group, a condensed polycyclic aromatic group, and a non-condensed polycyclic aliphatic or aromatic group which is composed of cycloaliphatic or aromatic groups mutually bonded to each other either directly or via a crosslinking member.

6. A polyimide having repeating units represented by the formula (2):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & O & O \\
 & O & O
\end{array}$$
(2)

wherein the norbornane skeleton of

comprises four components of

and their contents satisfy the following:

$$20 \% \le 2,5-[diexo] \le 30 \%$$
,

$$20 \% \le 2,5-[exo,endo] \le 30 \%$$

20 %
$$\leq$$
 2,6-[diexo] \leq 30 %,

$$20 \% \le 2,6-[exo,endo] \le 30 \%$$
,

provided that

$$(2,6-[exo,endo]) = 100 %,$$

R represents a tetravalent group having from 4 to 27 carbon atoms, and selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, a monocyclic aliphatic group, a condensed polycyclic aliphatic group, a monocyclic aromatic group, a condensed polycyclic aromatic group, and a non-condensed polycyclic aliphatic or aromatic group which is composed of cycloaliphatic or aromatic groups mutually bonded to each other either directly or via a crosslinking member.

7. A process for preparing a polyamic acid, which comprises reacting a mixture of

diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptanes,

(2S,5S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of formula
(3-1):

(2S,5R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of formula (3-2):

(2S,6R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of formula (3-3):

$$H_2N-H_2C$$
 CH_2-NH_2
(3-3)

and (2S,6S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of formula (3-4):

wherein.

. .

1 % < (2S,5S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane < 90 %,

1 % ≤ (2S,5R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane ≤ 90 %.

1 % < (2S,6R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane < 90 %,

1 % < (2S,6S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2,2.1]heptane < 90 %.

provided that,

(2S,5S) isomer + (2S,5R) isomer + (2S,6R) isomer + (2S,6S)

isomer = 100 %.

with a tetracarboxylic dianhydride of a genera formula (4):

wherein R represents a tetravalent group having from 4 to 27 carbon atoms and selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, a monocyclic aliphatic group, a condensed polycyclic aliphatic group, a monocyclic aromatic group, a condensed polycyclic aromatic group, and a non-condensed polycyclic aliphatic or aromatic group which is composed of cycloaliphatic or aromatic groups mutually bonded to each other either directly or via a crosslinking member.

8. A process for preparing a polyamic acid, which comprises reacting a mixture of diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptanes,

(2S,5S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of formula (3-1):

(2S,5R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of formula
(3-2):

(2S,6R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of formula
(3-3):

and (2S,6S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of
formula (3-4):

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H & CH_2 - NH_2 \\ \hline H_2N - CH_2 \\ \end{array}$$
 (3-4)

wherein,

10 % \leq (2S,5S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane \leq

40 %,

10 % ≤ (2S,5R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane ≤

40 %,

10 % ≤ (2S,6R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane ≤

40 %,

10 % \leq (2S,6S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane \leq

40 %,

provided that,

(2S,5S) isomer + (2S,5R) isomer + (2S,6R) isomer + (2S,6S)

isomer = 100 %,

with a tetracarboxylic dianhydride represented by the formula (4):

wherein R represents a tetravalent group having from 4 to

27 carbon atoms and selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, a monocyclic aliphatic group, a condensed polycyclic aliphatic group, a monocyclic aromatic group, a condensed polycyclic aromatic group, and a non-condensed polycyclic aliphatic or aromatic group which is composed of cycloaliphatic or aromatic groups mutually bonded to each other either directly or via a crosslinking member.

9. A process for preparing a polyamic acid, which comprises reacting a mixture of diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptanes,

(2S,5S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of formula (3-1):

(2S,5R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of formula (3-2):

(2S,6R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of formula
(3-3):

and (2S,6S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane of formula (3-4):

wherein,

20 % \leq (2S,5S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane \leq

30 %,

20 % < (2S,5R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane <

30 %,

20 % ≤ (2S,6R)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane ≤

30 %,

20 % \(\) (2S,6S)-diaminomethyl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane \(\)

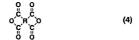
30 %,

provided that,

(2S,5S) isomer + (2S,5R) isomer + (2S,6R) isomer + (2S,6S)

isomer = 100 %,

with a tetracarboxylic dianhydride represented by the formula (4):



wherein R represents a tetravalent group having from 4 to 27 carbon atoms and selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, a monocyclic aliphatic group, a condensed polycyclic aliphatic group, a monocyclic aromatic group, a condensed polycyclic aromatic group, and a non-condensed polycyclic aliphatic or aromatic group

which is composed of cycloaliphatic or aromatic groups mutually bonded to each other either directly or via a crosslinking member.

- 10. A process for preparing a polyimide, which comprises thermally or chemically imidizing the polyamic acid obtained in claim 7.
- 11. A process for preparing a polyimide, which comprises thermally or chemically imidizing the polyamic acid obtained in claim 8.
- 12. A process for preparing a polyimide, which comprises thermally or chemically imidizing the polyamic acid obtained in claim 9.

the inherent viscosity measured in a solvent of N-methyl-1-pyrrolidone having the acid concentration of 0.5 g/dl at 35°C falls between 0.1 and 3.0 dl/g.

- 14. The polyimide of claim 4, 5 or 6, of which the inherent viscosity measured in a mixed solvent of p-chlorophenyl/phenol = 9/1 (by weight) having the polyimide concentration of 0.5 g/dl at 35°C falls between 0.1 and 3.0 dl/g.
- 15. A polyamic acid varnish containing the polyamic acid of claim 1.
- 16. A polyamic acid varnish containing the polyamic acid of claim 2.

17. A polyamic acid varnish containing the polyamic

- 18. A polyimide film containing the polyimide of
- 19. An amorphous polyimide film containing the polyimide of claim 5.
- 20. An amorphous polyimide film of improved smoothness, containing the polyimide of claim 6.

Bold A2

acid of claim 3.

claim 4.